# THE KU-KLUX-KLAN.

CONCLUSIONS OF A TRIBUNE MAN IN SOUTH CAROLINA.

The Better Classes Sympathizing with the Klan-A Military or Territorial Government Desired by Them-The Coming Taxpayers' Convention - A Plan of Conciliation.

The special "investigating" correspondent of the New York Tribune in South Carolina writes from Columbia under date of April 29: A few days' intercourse with the people in any of this part of the State, will convince any one that public sentiment among the respectable and influential class sustains the Ku-Klux. olten I ind a man who does not hesitate to avow his sentiments. At dinner yesterday I met a gentleman who said he was a large property-holder near Columbia, and had been property-holder near Columbia, and had been a major in the Confederate service. Speaking of the corruption of the State officers and Legislature, he said: "We can't stath this oppression and robbery any longer. My God! sir, we were poor enough when the war ended, without having this swarm of infernal carpet-baggers come down to devour what little we had left." He went on to enumerate the various rascalities by which he charged that we nad left." He went on to enumerate the various rascalities by which he charged that the State officers have enriched themselves at the expense of the taxpayers, and finally, leaning toward me, said in a low tone, "Now, I'll tell you what we're going to do. If this don't stop soon, we'll make it hot for the villains. There will be a hundred outrages lor every one. There will be a hundred outrages for every one you hear of now, until the United States will you near of now, until the United States will be obliged to put us under military government. That is what we want. The army officers are honest men, and won't steal from us. They will sympathise with the white people." I told him that the people at the North generally believed that the disturbances in the South arise from a hatred of the National Gov-South arise from a hatred of the National Gov-ernment. 'That's a mistake," he replied. "We ernment. That's a mistake, he replied. "We don't want any trouble with the General Government. We have had enough of war, and we want peace; but we can't sit still and see a gang of thieves, sustained by a horde of ignorant plageage, take our more than a large and the control of the control gang of thieves, sustained by a holde of signal rant niggers, take our property from ns." If not this to be the general sentiment amony the white population. They declare that they have no desire to resist the federal authority, and that their troubles all spring from bad State and local government. An intelligent man, who said be helped to fire the first gun on Fort said he helper to he the missign of the war until Johnston's surrender, coming out of the wreck of the Confederacy with no other property than a gray mule, talked with me the other day with more moderation than is usually shown. He said the white people of South Carolina the would be glad if Congress would remand the would be glad if Congress would remand the Constitution and send down constitution and laws. It is my earnest State to a territorial condition, and send down good men from the North to govern it. Or if they could have a military government no one would object, for nothing could be as bad as a would object, for nothing could be as tad as a government of ignorance, indigence, and fraud. If the men in power would consent to some compromise that would give the property and intelligence of the State a representation in the government, he believed there would be peace; but if not, he was sure there would be pleaded there would be pleaded there are not in the provided the property and the provided the property and the provided the property and the provided the pro would be peace; but if not, he was sure there
would be bloody times at the next election.
Everybody appears to look to the approach-

ing taxpayers' convention to devise some plan of conciliation that will bring harmony to the State. It is believed that this can be plished by an agreement between the leaders of both parties upon the following course: 1. That the Ku-Klux outrages shall cease. There is no doubt that the leading Democrats have power to stop them if they wish to. 2. That power to stop them it they wish to.
the Governor shall, as far as is in his power,
remove incompetent and dishonest local officers, and appoint in their places respectable
men of moderate views. This he has already men of moderate views. This he has already commenced doing. 3. That nothing shall be done toward selling the sterling loan bonds until there are further guarantees that the proceeds will be applied solely toward the extinguishment of the present debt of the State. 4. That an effort shall be made by the Governor and others to induce the Legislature to pass a law providing for minority representaernor and others to induce the Legislature to pass a law providing for minority representation by a system of cumulative voting. The convention meets on Tuesday, May 9, and will probably be in session for three days. Delegates have been chosen in all the counties of the State. Ku-Klux no Bar to Northern Settlers.

The New York Tribune publishes the following card from Northern settlers in Virginia and North Carolina, testifying that not only are persons and property safe in the sections of those States where they reside, but that they never lived in a more orderly and lawg community. Many of those who thus testify are Republicans, and regular subscribers to the New York Tribune. Such evidence ought to have its weight. The testimony would, doubtless, apply to the South generally under similar circumstances:

Editor of the Tribune—Sir: We have noticed recently a great many publications in your paper concerning outrages committed by Ku-Kiuk in the Southern States. We know nothing of the truth or falsity of these charges; and shall not undertake their refutation except so these they may be understood to apply to the shall not undertake their refutation except so far as they may be understood to apply to the whole South. The undersigned, all Northern men by birth and education, have, since the war, purchased homes and settled, some in Pittsylvania County, Virginia, and others in Caswell and Rockingham Countles, North Carolina, and many of us are Republicans and regular readers of and subscribers to the Tribune. We have reason to believe that a large number of our Northern friends earnestly desire to emigrate to the South, supply themselves with ber of our Northern friends earnestly desire to emigrate to the South, supply themselves with cheap lands; and enjoy this charming climate; and we fear that they may be deterred from doing so by the publications to which we have referred. It is for this reason we request the insertion of this letter in your paper, in the hope that such other papers in the North as desire to do justice to every-portion of the country will give it circulation. We can say, in truth, that not only persons and property are safe in the sections of Virginia property are safe in the sections of Vir and North Carolina in which we reside that we never lived in a more orderly or lawthat we never fived in a more orderly or law-abiding community. We have been kindly re-ceived by the entire people; our intercourse with them has been in all respects as agree-able as we could have desired. We have seen no disposition to mistrust or even slight us on account of our politics—on the contrary, we have uniformly been treated with civility and nave uniformly been treated with civility and respect by every one with whom we have come in contact. It is but an act of justice to ourselves and to the people living in the States of our adoption that we should say what we have said, and we trust that you will give it a

place in your paper.

James Robinson, Canada; Rev. John Branch,
Tioga County, N. Y.; A. G. Newell, Tioga
County, N. Y.; S. L. Hitchcock, Brown County,
N. Y.; Fred. W. Ritchcock, Brown County, N.
Y.; J. F. Councilman, Tioga County, N. Y.;
Ja Res Hutchinson, Pennsylvania; John Hutchinson, Pennsylvania; William H. Davis, Indiana County, Pa.; R. S. Davis, Indiana County, Pa.; C. Hinckley, Steuben County, N.
Y. H. Hinkley, H. B. Stephen, Steuben County diana County, Pa., C. Hinckley, Steuben County, N. Y.; H. Hinkley, H. B. Stephen, Steuben County, N. Y.; Charles H. Rogers, Waverly, Tioga County, N. Y.; James Ogden, Pennsylvania; William Lander, Steuben County, N. Y.; Jonathan Bitner, Westmoreland, Pa.; William P. Spaulding, Michigan; Austin H. Prentice, Tioga County, N. Y.

General Sherman's Opinion.

[Extract from his speech, delivered recently at

New Orleans.] Before signing the agreement with General Joe Johns: on, I called together all the generals under my command, and without a dissenting voice they agreed with me. I believe they surrendered in good faith, and would have lived up to the very letter of the agreement, and, in my opinion, if there had been no reconstruction acts of Congress, and the armie been left at the time to settle all questions of difference between the different sections of the country, the people would at once have become quiet and peaceable. I probably have as good means of information as most persons as good means of information as most persons in regard to what is called the Ku-Kiux, and am perfectly satisfied that the thing is greatly over-estimated; and it the Ku-Kiux bills were kept out of Congress, and the army kept at their legitimate duties, there are enough good and true men in all Southern States to put down all Ku-Kiux or other bands of marauders.

... They do a pretty large divorce business in a quiet way in Massachusetts. The Worcester Gazette mentions that there are now one hundred and fifteen sults for the dissolution of the marriage contract pending in the Supreme Court there.

" LET US HAVE PEACE."

The President's Proclamation Under the Ku-Klux Act.

WASHINGTON, May 4. The President has issued his proclamation

as follows: The act of Congress entitled " An act to enforce the provisions of the Fourteenth amendment to the Constitution of the United States, and for other purposes, approved April 20, A. D. 1871," being a law of extraordinary public importance, I consider it my duty to issue this my proclamation, cailing the attention of the people of the United States thereto, enjoining upon all good citizens, especially upon all public officers, to be zealous in the enforcement thereof, and warning all persons to abstain from committing any chiefly by persistent violations of the rights of citizens of the United States by combinations of lawless and disaffected persons in certain localities lately the theatre of insurrection and military conflict, I do particularly exhort the people of those parts of the country to suppress all such combinations by their own voluntary efforts, through the agency of the local laws, and to maintain the rights of all citizens of the United States, and to secure to all such citizens the equal protection of the

Fully sensible of the responsibility imposed upon the Executive by the act of Congress, to which public attention is now called, and reluctant to call into exercise any of the extraordinary powers thereby conferred upon me, except in cases of imperative necessity, I do nevertheless deem it my duty to make known that I will not hesitate to exhaust the powers thus vested in the Executive, constitution and laws. It is my earnest wish that peace and cheerful obedience to law may prevail throughout the land, and that all traces of our late unhappy civil strile may be speedily removed. These ends can be easily reached by acquiescence in the results of the conflict now written in our constitution, and the due and proper enforcementt of equal, just and impartial laws in every part of our country. The failure of local communities to furnish such means for the obtainment of results so earnestly desired, imposes upon the National Government the duty of putting forth all its energies for the protection of its citizens of every race and color, and for the restoration of peace and order throughout the

In testimony whereof I have set my hand, and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the City of Washington, this third day of May, in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and seventy-one, and of the independence of the United States, the ninety-fifth. U. S. GRANT. (Signed.)

# THE WAR IN FRANCE.

The Versaillists Pressing on to Victory -No Flags of Truce Respected-A Decisive Engagement Imminent - The Beslegers Gain Another Battle.

PARIS, May 3. The Communists are falling back. The Versaillists reoccupied Issy Park. Issy village is lmost surrounded, it closely pressed. Shells killed several in Rue Vangrierard. The Versaillists are apparently massing for an attack on Fort Issy. The Commune are compelled to reduce the garrison of Fort Vincennes by the Prussians, who demand strict compliance with the terms of capitulation.

Panis, May 3, P. M. The Communists reoccupied Issy. An experiment with torpedoes planted near the southern forts blew five horses into the alr. General Rossel forbids communication with the enemy. Attention to flags of true is forbidden. The inhabitants of Avenue Deylan have been notified to leave the arrondissements within twenty-lour hours. The besiegers are active. A decisive engagement is imminent. A balloon eft the Hotel De Ville with letters to-day.

· NEW YORK, May 4. A special correspondent in Paris telegraphs that the Communists have gained considerable ground within the last three days. Two regiments before Fort Issy yesterday turned fire upon gendarmes behind them, and deserted

# to the Communists.

The Latest. VERSAILLES, May 4. The Versailles forces have carried by assault the insurgent position at Saguet Mill, about one mile south of Fort Bicetre. One hundred and fifty of the Communists were killed, and ten caanon and three hundred prisoners were captured. The mill, however, has been evacuated by the Versailles troops, as it was exposed to a destructive fire, from the insurgent fortifications.

#### A MEMORABLE METHODIST PICTURE.

From a letter of Bishop George F. Pierce, in the Southern Christian Advocate, we extract the following description of what is doubtless destined to become a famous historical pic-

Those familiar with Mr. Wesley's Journal

will remember that he made several visits to Frederica on St. Simon's Island. It is reported, and the fact is well anthenticated, that he preached, at one time, under a live oak about one half a mile from the Fort. The grove is magnificent and the age of the tree is beyond question. Brother F. desired to have my lather as the oldest effective minister in our connection, and myself as an officer in the church, shall I say in the regular succession— our succession is good as any if not better— and the tree with its surroundings, photographed. Fortunately Bishop Wightman on invitation was able to join us, and so the church and people will soon be furnished with a picture hallowed in the memories that clus ter about it and somewhat remarkable in its combinations. Here we have, in vision, Oglethorpe and his colony—the first settlement of deorgia—the mission of the Wesleys to the Indians—a grand old tree under whose branches they preached one hundred and thirty-five years ago—an aged man, fresh and vigorous after the toil and hardships of and vigorous after the toil and hardships of sixty-seven years in the itinerancy—his son in the flesh and in the gospel—and a bishop just from the field of conflict—pausing long enough and these scenes of the past for the sun to paint their likenesses. The artist, Mr. Riddle, was well satisfied with his negative. How the picture will look when finished up I cannot tell. I judge the likeness will be distinct enough for recognition; the scene—front and background—is fine, and any little defects, will be atoned for by memory and association.

be atoried for by memory and association. I hope the picture will sell for the benefit of the struzgling membership at Brunswick.

OF ROBBERY.

The Major's Adventures in New York-A Polite Englishman-Story-Telling on the Deck of the Steamer-A Little Nap and a Large Robbery - What Came of it all.

From the New York Sun.

The steamer South Carolina arrived from Charleston on Saturday, bringing two distinguished Southern politicians, namely: Willard A. Hussey, a carpet-bagger, who was formarly a captain in the Thirtieth Massachusetts Volunteers; and Samuel Dickerson, a negro major in the State militia, a prominent Radical wirepuller. Captain Hussey was on his way to Boston to visit his relatives, and Major Dickerson proposed to deliver a course of lectures in New York this summer to his colored brethren, and brought letters of introduction from well known carpet-baggers to the Hon. Horace Greeley. Captain Hussey accumulated money while South; but the major was less fortunate, and had only \$9.43 when he landed at Pier 28, North River. The two milliary gentlemen were intimate during the passage -so intimate that Captain Hussey gave his own bed clothing to the maje; and

IMPARTED TO HIM A SECRET. That secret was that in a small satchel, of which the purser had charge, the captain had about \$1400 in gold coin and several sets of

ery valuable jewelry.
On the arrival of the vessel both gentlemen came ashore, and walking up the pier halted in front of the barroom at the northeast corn-er of Murray and West streets. There the captain invited his ranking officer to take a drink. He accepted, and together they entered the barroom.
"Sir," said the captain, striking a military
attitude as he addressed the barkeeper, "will
you allow my colored servant to drink with

me?"

The barkeoper answered in the affirmative, and in response to the question, "What will you take, gentlemen?" the major called for S. O. P. brundy, and the captain asked for gin and molasses. Just then they were joined by an Englishman, who addressed himself to Captain Hussey, and asked whether the colored man was his servant.

"Yes, sir," replied the captain, "we are just about taking a drink;

wow'r you help us."

WON'T YOU HELP US."

"With pleasure, sah," chimed in the polite Cockney, as he ordered a mug of alf an alf. They drank several times; in fact, they drank until both military gentlemen were slightly inebriated. Then, for the first time, the capitain remembered that he had forgotten his satchel, and he so informed his newly-found acquaintance. "What is in your satchel that makes you so

uneasy?" asked the Englishman.
"About \$1400 in gold coin, and some valuable jewelry that belonged to my wife," replied the

"Good enough," said the Cockney; "we had

better look after it then?"
So they all went on board the steamer. The So they all went on board the steamer. The captain found his valuables, and the trio then scated themselves on the deck and told stories between puffs of their fragrant Henry Clay clgars. Suddenly, however, the gallant captain became drowsy. In another moment he was fast asleep. He slept about two hours, and awoke to find himself alone. Everything was dark, it was 8 o'clock at night, and neither the gallant major nor the polite Englishman,

NOR THE SATCHEL with the money and jewelry was to be found. In a semi-unconscious state, like a man who had been drugged, the captain wended his way to the Chambers street police station and told the story of the robbery to Captain Cherry. Detective McDonald was at once instructed to work night and day until he recovered the property and arrested the thief.

Yesterday morning while walking up West street, the detective saw a man who answered the descrip ion of the Englishman, as furnished by Captain Hussey, and he was made prisoner. He confessed that he had the Jewelry, but said that Major Dickerson had taken the maney. On being taken to the Chambers street police station, he gave his name as George Howell, of 1077 Myrtle avenue, Brook-The detective is satisfied that he is a sslonal confidence operator and thief. Later in the day

MAJOR SAMUEL DICKERSON was arrested by Detective McDonald at 543 Broome street. He denied all knowledge of the robbery, said that he was a soldier and honest than, that he had come North to lec ture, that he was well recommended, and that he would scorn to do an ungentlemanly act. Notwithstanding these protestations, however, Justice Hogan committed the major to the Tombs in default of \$2500 bail. Mr. Howell is likewise in prison. The jewelry recovered by Detective McDonald comprises one handsome gold and coral bracelet, with brooch and ear-rings to match, one set of gold ear-rings and breast pin, with large carbuncle settings, and one massive gold chain.

# LYNCH LAW IN WILLIAMSBURG.

From the Kingstree Star.] Our heretofore quiet and peaceable district has been disturbed and shocked at the hanging of two negro men, which occurred on Monday and Thursday nights of last week. The first of these executions took place near Coward's Station, on the Northeastern Railroad, on the 24th ult.; and the other on "Green's road," on the 27th ult. Coroner Donath was notified and held inquests over their bodies. At the investigation of Daniel their bodies. At the investigation of Daniel Edwards, the first victim, he learned that a party of disguised men came to the house where Edwards was staying, late in the night, and selected him from among some other negroes and carried him off. He was found the next morning a short distance from the house suspended to a tree with a rope around his neck. Alex. to a tree with a rope around his need. Alex. Methaur, the other victim, was visited in the night also, and taken out of his house and hung by the side of the public road, about ten miles north of this village. We are informed that nothing was elicited at the investigations of the coroner to identify any one connected with these unlawful proceedings. That they was a hald and determined set of men well or a set of the coroner to identify any one connected with these unlawful proceedings. That they are a bold and determined set c' men, well or ganized, there seems but litt.; doubt, as is evident by the cool and systematic manner of their performances. A gentleman who lives in the neighborhood where McClam was hing. informs us that he was aroused late at night by a party of men to learn from him the location of McClam's house; that being a little cautions to go out at that time, to a body of horsemen, he was politely informed by them that he would not be molested. He says he

neither recognized their persons or voices.

The unfortunate victims who have been so summarily dealt with are said to have been professional thieves and robbers, whose only occupation was in depredating upon the prop-erty of their neighbors, breaking open houses and connuitting all manner of theft. Their characters were so bad in this respect that they appear to have no sympathy from either the blacks or whites, where they were known. The coroner has handed us the following, which he found pinned to the breast of Alex. McClam:

HEADQUARTERS, April 24, 1871. General Order, No. 10.

Beware! Beware! Beware! For one, and all we mean what we say-Beware! We will no submit to the robberles and stealing which is go ing on. We are taught, "Thou shalt not steal and again, "Love thy neighbor as thyself," word to ali-Beware. K. K. K.

# THE TORNADO ON THE MISSISSIPPI.

There was a tornado, on Tuesday, at Baton Rouge and vicinity, doing great destruction to property. Trees were uprooted, bricks and planks whirled into the air, and many buildings and walls blown down. The Catholic church and a large number of frame houses were unroofed, and numerous cabins blown entirely away. Three negroes were killed, and a good many wounded. During the storm

the convicts made an attempt to escape, out

only a few got out, and these were speedily

FURTHER ACCOUNTS OF THE ACTION

Chesterfield.

OF THE COUNTIES.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS. In response to a call published in the Chesterfield Democrat, the largest meeting of the citizens of the county since the war, was held in the courthouse on Tuesday. May 2. The neeting was called to order by Captain H. Mclver, who proposed Major A. McQueen for chairman, and Mr. S. G. Godfrey was requested to act as secretary. The chairman addressed the meeting, and in a clear and earnest manner explained its objects. He then annonnced the meeting organized and ready for business. On motion of Captain McIver, the following committee, composed of two taxpayers from each Beat company in the county, were appointed to nominate suitable persons to represent this county in the convention to be held at Columbia on the 9th instant, viz: From Cheraw Beat, Captain T. F. Mulloy, Mr H. P. Duval; Courthouse Beat, Colonel Hugh Craig, Major T. W. Robeson; Mount Crogan Craig, Major T. W. Kobeson, Moint Crogan Beat, Major W. B. Hancock, Mr. J. H. Lowry; Old Store Beat, Messrs. Albert Evans, M. Hough; Jefferson Beat, Jno. Blackwell, Thos. Threat; Alligator Beat, Jno. Johnson, Moses Watles; Steer Pen Beat, Jno. Wilks, General E. B. C. Cash; Cole Hill Beat. D. Douglas, N. After the committee had retired, Hon. G. W.

After the committee matterial, not. 8. Duval being cailed on, addressed the meeting and reviewed his course as senator. On his taking his seat, General W. L. T. Prince offered the following resolution, which was warmly seconded by Captain Melver and others, and the condensation of the being put to vote was ununimously adopted Resolved, That in the opinion of this meet ing, the Hon. G. W. Duval is entitled not only to the thanks of his constituents for his con-sistent and honorable course as the senator for Chesterfield, but to the gratitude of all good and respectable citizens, for the many sacrifices he has made for the good of the country.

The committee having returned to the hall, reported the following gentlemen as delegates to the convention, to wit:

General E. B. C. Cash and Colonel A. M. Lowry. Alternates, Major A. McQueen and

On motion the report was adopted, and the meeting adjourned.

Beaufort. TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS.

Pursuant of call, a meeting of taxpayers of Beaufort was organized at Hickory Hill on the 29th olt. Benjamin F. Buckner, called to the chair, explained pointedly and succinctly the object in meeting. On motion of Colonel N. C. Smart, a committee of one from each election precinct was appointed to prepare business. After protracted deliberation the committee submitted : We, the taxpayers of Beaufort County, believing the present onerous taxes to be above all just demands for the legitimate expenditures of our government, and that the system of taxation with proper representation should be supported, do there-

Resolve, Taving met at the suggestion of the Chamber of Commerce and Board of Trade, of the City of Charleston, we will send two unjustracted delegates (with two alternates)

to the State Convention of Taxpayers, which is to meet at Columbia May 9th.

The committee recommend H. C. Smart and J. H. Screven as delegates, and J. L. Ruddell and William Elliott as alternates; and that E. J. Webb be appointed a standing committee to make collections throughout the county to cond the express of the delegates attended. efund the expenses of the delegates attend

retund the expenses of the delegates attend-ing the convention.

Colonel Smart was called for by the applaud-ing crowd, and responded with exhausting reasoning and impressive closurors. Soveral reasoning and impressive eloquence. Severa report was unanimously confirmed, when Mr. Warnock prevalled with motion to adjourn.

Lexington. Messrs, J. N. Huffman and W. J. Barr were elected delegates to the May Convention at the meeting held for this purpose at the courthouse, on Monday last. Dr. F. S. Lewie and Dr. S. A. Haltawanger were appointed alter-

Bennettsville, on sales-day, Major Z. A. Drake in the chair, at which the following gentlemen were elected delegates to the May Convention: Hon. C. W. Dudley and Hon. T. C. Weatherly; Colonel J. H. Hudson and Jas. B. Willis, Esq., alternates. Spartanburg.

The taxpayers held a meeting at the Courthouse, Spartanburg, on Monday last, Hon. A. B. Woodruff presiding. Hon. G. Cannon and Hon. A. B. Woodruff were elected delegates, and Colonel John H. Evins and Captain Samuel Means alternates. Remarks were made by the chairman, as also by Hon. Gabriel Cannon, Captain John W. Carfisle, Colonei John H. Evins and Major D. R. Duncan.

Their remarks, says the Spartan, were earn-estly in support of the object of the meeting, and showed that they all fully appreciated the importance and gravity of the subject be-fore them for consideration. The speakers all advised peaceful action by the people at home, and moderation and caution by the convenand moderation and caution by the conven-tion which is to assemble in Columbia, on gext Tuesday, but thought it proper that our delegates to said convention should go unad-vised and untrammelled. Notwithstanding the very busy season with the farmers, there was a full turn out of our clizens, and the crowd in town was the largest we have ever seen on a sales-day at this time of the year. The caste and character of the citizens who were present on Monday was no less remarkable than the numbers. They were our best people, and represented every section of the county. Every one seemed to fully appreciate the Importance and necessity of the present move of the taxpayers, and exhibited an earnestness and anxiety and soberness that we never before saw in a gathering of the kind-but a meeting of this kind was of the kind-but a meeting of this kind never before assembled in Spartanburg. unanimity of feeling among our people at this time was never known before. It is not to be seen in noisy demonstration or excitement, but in the deep and carnest teelings of soberness and caution. A feeling like that which now moves the people in this county should not be trifled with, and we hope it will not. Newberry. .

A public meeting was held on sales-day, Major J. K. G. Nance in the chair. Resolutions were passed, 1st, approving of the call of a convention, and 2d, for the appointment of a committee of nine to nominate suitable persons to riodicals. represent the county in the convention. The

d resolution is as follows: Resolved. That the committee be instructed in making their selections, to nave reference to the financial quantications of the delegates, rather than to political discussion.

The committee was appointed and retired and after consultation reported McCaughrin and Coionel E. S. Ke McCaughrin and Coionel E. S. Kelti as delegates, and Messrs. Wm. Ray and W. G. Mayes as alternates. Messrs. E. S. Keitt, R. Moorman, J. M. Eaxter and Y. J. Pope addressed the meeting.

# Williamsburg.

A goodly number of the taxpaying portion of the citizens of Williamsburg assembled in the courthouse on the first day of May to elect delegates to represent this county in the con vention to assemble at Columbia on the second Tuesday in May. Samuel W. Maurice, Esq., was called to the

Samuel W. Mattrice, Est., was cannot to the chair, and Solomon Bentschner acted as secretary. Mr. Maurice explained the object of the meeting. The following gentlemen were appointed to represent Williamsburg in the convention: Colonel James McCurchen, David Epps, W. L. Lee, T. M. Krels. Alternates: E. J. Porter, George I. Graham, G. D. Rhodus. The following resolution was adopted. The following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That in the sense of this meeting the people of this State should refuse to pay

MAJOR SAM DICKERSON ACCUSED TAXPAYERS' CONVENTION. taxes as long as they are not represented in the Senate and House of Representatives of

the State.

The chairman urged the importance of the meeting expressing its views upon the subject of "Cumulative Voling," which was likely to be considered by the convention in Columbia, and which he seemed to think would afford, in a great measure, a peaceful solution of our present troubles. present troubles.

# THE WEATHER THIS DAY.

WASHINGTON, May 4. Cloudy weather, with brisk southwesterly winds, are probable for the lakes on Friday. Clearing weather for the lower Mississippi and the Gulf. High northeasterly winds, followed by wester'y winds and cloudy weather, for the Middle and Eastern States.

### AFFAIRS IN NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, May 4. The State superintendent of insurance reports that the Knickerbocker Life Insurance Company have met all legitimate claims against

Jay Gould voluntarily surrendered himself, and the books required were produced, when Gould was released on \$10,000 bail.

### Special Notices.

READ CAREFULLY FEVER AND AGUE.

The only preventive known for Chills and Fever is the use of Wolfe's Schiedam Schnapps. WOLFE'S SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS

Is good for Dyspensia. WOLFE'S SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS Is a preventive of Chills and Fever.

WOLFE'S SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS good for all Kidney and Bladder Complaints WOLFE'S SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS used all over the World by Physicians in their

practice. WOLFE'S SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS Is good for Gout.

WOLLE'S SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS Is good for all Urinary complaints. WOLFE'S SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS

recommended by all the Medical Faculty. WOLFE'S SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS Is good for Colic and pain in the stomach. WOLFE'S SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS Is imitated and counterfeited, and purchasers will

have to use caution in purchasing. I beg leave to call the attention of the reader to estimonials in favor of the Schhapps:

I feel bound to say that I regard your SCHNAPPS as being in every respect pre-eminently pure, and deserving of medical patronage. At all events it is the purest possible article of Holland gin, heretofore unobtainable, and as such may be safely prescribed by physicians. DAVID L. MOTT, M. D.,

Pharmaceutical Chemist, New York.. LOUISVILLE, Ky., September 1.

I feel that we have now an article of gin suit able for such cases as that remedy is adapted to. DR. J. W. BRIGHT.

"Schnapps" is a remedy in chronic catarrhal omplaints, &c.

I take great pleasure in bearing highly creditable testimony to its efficacy as a remedial agent in the diseases for which you recommend it. Having a natural tendency to the mucous surfaces, with 'a slight degree of stimulation, I re gard it as one of the most important remedies in chronic catarrhal affections, particularly those of the genito-urinary apparatus. With much re-

spect, your obedient servant,

CHAS. A. LEAS, M. D., New York. No. 26 PINE STREET, N. Y., Nov. 21, 1867.

UDOLPHO WOLFE, ESQ., Present: DEAR SIR-1 have made a chemical examination of a sample of your "Schiedam Schnapps," with the intent of determining if any foreign or injurious substance had been added to the simple distilled spirits. The examination has resulted in the conclusion the sample contained no polsonous or harm

There was a meeting at the courthouse in ful admixtures. I have been unable to discover any trace of the deleterious substances which are sometimes employed in the adulteration of liquors. I would not hesitate to use myself, nor to recommend to others, for medicinal purposes. the "Schledam Schnapps" as an excellent and unobjectionable variety of gin. Very respectfully yours, (Signed) CHAS. A. SEELY, Chemist.

CHEMICAL AND TECHNICAL LABORATORY, 18 EXCHANGE PLACE, N. Y., Nov. 25, 1867. UDOLPHO WOLFE, Esq. : DEAR SIR-The undersigned have carefully and thoroughly analyzed a sample of your "Aromatic Schiedam Schapps," selected by ourselves, and have found the same free from all organic or inorganic substances, more or less injurious to health. From the result of our examination we consider the article one of superior quality, healthful as a beverage, and effectual in its medicinal qualities. Respectfully yours,

(Signed) ALEX. TRIPPEL, Chemist. FRANCIS E. ENGELHARD, M. D.

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